

5/18/2018

3M Super 77 Multipurpose Adhesive

3M Super 77 Multipurpose  
Adhesive Spray



## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M Super 77 Multipurpose Adhesive

#### Product Identification Numbers

70-0050-8170-1      70-0051-1098-9      70-0068-5097-1      70-0070-0613-6

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Adhesive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**Address:** 3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland

**Telephone:** (09) 477 4040

**E Mail:** innovation@nz.mmm.com

**Website:** 3m.co.nz

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as hazardous according to the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 as amended.

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to; New Zealand, Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 (Rule 45001/1) as amended, NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land, UN Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code and IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.

#### HSNO classification

2.1.2A Flammable aerosol

6.3B Irritating to the skin

- 6.4A Irritating to the eye
- 6.8B Suspected human reproductive or developmental toxicant
- 6.9A Toxic to human target organs/systems
- 9.1D Aquatic toxicity

## 2.2. Label elements

### SIGNAL WORD

DANGER!

### Symbols:

Flame | Health Hazard | Exclamation mark |

### Pictograms



### HAZARD STATEMENTS:

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol.                         |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.                       |
| H316 | Causes mild skin irritation.                         |
| H361 | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs:<br>cardiovascular system    |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life.                               |

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### Prevention:

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. |
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.            |
| P251 | Do not pierce or burn, even after use.                             |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.                   |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required.                     |

#### Response:

- |                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P332 + P313        | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.   |

#### Storage:

- |             |  |
|-------------|--|
| P410 + P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50oC. |
| P405        | Store locked up.   |

#### Disposal:

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations. |
|------|--|

## 2.3. Other hazards

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

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May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Acetone	67-64-1	20 - 30
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	20 - 30
Non-Volatile Components	Trade Secret	20 - 30
Propane	74-98-6	15 - 25
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	5 - 10
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	4 - 8
Polyterpene resin	Trade Secret	< 5

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

##### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

##### Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

##### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

##### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

##### Substance

Aldehydes.  
Carbon monoxide.  
Carbon dioxide.

##### Condition

During combustion.  
During combustion.  
During combustion.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

**5.4. Hazchem code:** 2YE

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15: HSNO Controls for more information.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

### 7.3. Approved handler test certificate

Class 2, required when present in quantities greater than 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

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If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>CAS Nbr</b>	<b>Agency</b>	<b>Limit type</b>	<b>Additional comments</b>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (100 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (300 ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcinogen
Acetone	67-64-1	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):2375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1000 ppm)	
Propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant
Propane	74-98-6	New Zealand WES	Limit value not established:	Explosion hazard - asphyxiant
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	Dermal/Respiratory Sensitiser, Control all exposer-low as possible

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association  
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines  
New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.  
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average  
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit  
ppm: parts per million  
mg/m<sup>3</sup>: milligrams per cubic metre  
CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full face shield.

Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile rubber.

#### Respiratory protection

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In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure: Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Appearance/Odour	Clear, sweet fruity odour
Odour threshold	No data available.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	-41.1 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue closed cup] [Details: CONDITIONS: Propellant]
Evaporation rate	1.9 [Ref Std: ETHER=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Vapour density	2.97 [Ref Std: AIR=1]
Density	0.726 g/ml
Relative density	0.726 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Water solubility	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	± 51 % [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	<=75 % weight
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	468 g/l

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance**

**Condition**

None known.

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

##### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

##### Inhalation

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

##### Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

##### Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

##### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

##### Additional Health Effects:

##### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac sensitisation: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

##### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

##### Toxicological Data

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If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 14.7 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Non-Volatile Components	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Non-Volatile Components	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol ester	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Glycerol ester	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Polyterpene resin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyterpene resin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 34,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Irritant
Non-Volatile Components	Professional judgement	Minimal irritation
Glycerol ester	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerol ester	Rabbit	Mild irritant

**Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerol ester	Human	Not classified



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	and animal	
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**Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Reproductive Toxicity**

**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation

**Target Organ(s)**

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	

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Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
Acetone	Inhalation	heart   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks

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**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

**12.1. Toxicity**

**Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.**

**9.1D Aquatic toxicity**

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Acetone	67-64-1	Crustacea other	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Non-Volatile Components	Trade Secret		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Propane	74-98-6		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	Water flea	Estimated		Effect Level 50%	>100 mg/l
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	Fathead minnow	Estimated		Lethal Level 50%	>100 mg/l
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	Green algae	Estimated		Effect Level 50%	>100 mg/l
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	Green Algae	Estimated		No obs Effect Level	>100 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Polyterpene resin	Trade Secret		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	89 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Non-Volatile Components	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	47.3 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.14 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Polyterpene resin	Trade Secret	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.24	Other methods
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non-Volatile Components	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	Other methods
Glycerol ester	Trade Secret	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7.4	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	129	OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow-through fish test
Polyterpene resin	Trade Secret	Estimated BCF-Carp	70 days	Bioaccumulation factor	11100	Other methods

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**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Please contact manufacturer for more details

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

Material	CAS Number	Ozone Depletion Potential	Cure activator
acetone	67-64-1	0	

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1. Disposal methods**

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Disposal of the aerosol dispenser (that may or may not contain any residual substance), may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

**New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport**

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

Hazchem Code: 2YE

IERG: 49

**International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport**

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport**

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

HSNO Approval number HSR002515

## 3M Super 77 Multipurpose Adhesive

Group standard name Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2006  
HSNO Hazard classification Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

### NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

### HSNO Controls

Approved handler test certificate	Class 2, required when present in quantities greater than 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Location and transit Depot certification test	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Hazardous atmosphere zone	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Fire extinguishers	One required for 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Emergency response plan	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Secondary containment	Not required
Tracking	Not required
Warning signage	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Revision information:

No revision information is available.

Section 1: Product identification numbers information was modified.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

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